

McKELVIE FOR GOVERNOR.

The Logical Candidate.

Long before S. R. McKelvie, publisher of the Nebraska Farmer, signified his intention of being a candidate for governor it was freely remarked that his many qualifications would make him the most logical man for that position.



His successful business career, his lifetime of close association with Nebraska farming, his several years of legislative experience, first in the house of representatives and next as lieutenant governor—all of these things, together with his splendid character, make him especially worthy of the title The Popular Candidate.

Farm Notes.

Issued by the University of Nebraska College of Agriculture.

TO GET FERTILE EGGS

Cull the flock rigidly for weak stock. Select on the basis of vigor, size, and production.

Use only mature stock. Use males of the large, vigorous type, showing well-developed breasts, strength of bone, good-sized comb and wattles, and bright eyes.

Remember the male is half the flock. It is not necessary to buy new blood every year.

A desirable male should be used for two or three years for best results.

Use the winter laying hens and pullets. Overfat, nonproducing hens are undesirable.

Stock weakened by disease should be disposed of.

Allow stock free access to grass range, and feed sparingly.—Poultry Section, College of Agriculture.

CAN YOU BEAT IT?

One Nebraska boy raised 276 bushels of potatoes on an acre last season, the value of the crop being \$165.50 and the net profit \$106.58. He was a member of the Nebraska Boys' Potato club. The average of the members of the club was 162 bushels per acre and their average net profit was \$35, with potatoes figured usually at 50 cents a bushel, or less. Each of these boys was given instruction sheets and other assistance from the College of Agriculture, without cost. Membership in this club is open to any boy in the state between the ages of 10 and 18. Awards are provided each year for the winners. Instruction sheets, rules for the contest, and other information may be had without cost from the Extension Service, College of Agriculture. Enrollment for the coming season is now open.

HANDLING SOWS AT Farrowing Time

Farrowing time is the most critical time of the year for the hog raiser. At this time the profits or losses for the season are often determined. The Department of Animal Husbandry of the College of Agriculture says that two or three days before she is due to farrow, the sow should be placed in a dry, well-sheltered pen with just enough bedding to protect her from the cold floor. Too much bedding handicaps the young pigs in moving about and often is the indirect cause of their being laid upon by the sow. A guard rail placed about ten inches from the floor and projecting six or eight inches from the wall of the pen is essential. Such a rail prevents the pigs from being squeezed when the sow lies down. While farrowing and for a period of 24 hours after, the sow should not receive any food. However, she should receive an abundance of warm water.

SORGHUM AS A FORAGE CROP

The average yearly yield of sorghum for seven years as a forage

Des Moines Prospers Without Saloons

In Iowa the saloons all go out of business the first of January under statutory law. In preparation for this Des Moines went dry on the 15th of last February, and the saloons packed up and moved out for good.

Thus the largest capital city in the middle west became sober. Before the brewery "publicity bureaus" start up the cry of "loss of business" it is well to get the evidence of Des Moines officials and leading men on this point.

B. F. Williams, president of the chamber of commerce says that if the question were submitted again the city would go dry by a larger majority than ever, the results have been so satisfactory. He says they all know that conditions will be even better after the first of the year, when the bootleggers from other counties are shut off. There has been scarcely any increase in the tax levy, and the difference is more than made up in the savings in the police department, in the bill for charity, and in the lessened court expenses. Mr. Williams finds that collections are better, that restaurants are doing an increased business, and that places of amusement are better patronized.

George B. Peak, president of one of the large life insurance companies, says that the eighty-six business houses vacated by the saloons were at once filled by other lines of business. He says:

"We believe the closing of the saloon improved every other line of business. Many of the families that every winter were subjects of charity are now self-supporting and depositing their savings in the savings banks."

The county auditor reports that the applications for commitment to the state home for inebriates had fallen off more than fifty per cent. The board of supervisors had been enabled to reduce the levy in the state institution fund and in the court expense fund, and the saving to the county by the absence of saloons turns out to be

more than \$20,000 per year. One county official says:

"Polk county pays \$15 per patient at insane and inebriate institutions. Statistics show that ninety per cent of the insane cases are caused by booze and disease. Since the saloons went out of business the number of Polk county patients has been greatly reduced. That's why we can lower the levy."

A significant letter is written by Mayor Hanna, of Des Moines, after the dry policy had been in force seven months:

"Dear Sir: I have your letter making certain inquiries concerning the effect of closing the saloons in this city."

"The saloons were closed on the 15th of February last. All the desirable locations were picked up by other businesses within the next few weeks following. A few out-of-the-way locations are still vacant."

"I cannot see that there is any appreciable effect because of throwing men out of employment and certainly no increase in demands for charity. In fact, it is exactly the other way. The men who lost employment have gone into other lines. Some of them have followed up their former calling in other cities, but the men who were spending in the saloons the money which their families needed are now buying groceries and shoes instead. The consequence is a very much better tone in every way. In the first place their families are not now in want, and in the second place, they are paying their bills for the ordinary necessities. This is making collections noticeably better in other lines, so our merchants report."

"Our experience proves that a decisive policy can handle the bootlegging very effectively. There will be some illicit sales, to be sure, but they can be reduced to a very small minimum. In fact, the shipments of liquor into Des Moines have been reduced to a mere fraction of what they were with the open saloon. For example, during the month of August just past the total consignments of liquor into this city footed up to about \$15,000. With the open saloon our annual liquor sales were estimated at \$2,000,000. You will note that this is almost exactly ten times as much average per month as the total shipments during the month of August. This proportion is borne out in every way."

"Yours very truly,

"JAMES R. HANNA,

"Mayor."

Wets Make Campaign Assessment

It is reported that a preliminary assessment of \$50 has been levied against each saloonkeeper in Omaha, and probably against each one in the state. While this appears to be a small tax for campaign purposes, it will produce many thousands of dollars to add to the big brewery and distillery fund, and is only the first call.

It is further rumored that \$100,000 is to be paid or has been paid to one newspaper in the state for leading the fight. This seems like a large sum, but when it is realized that nearly all the papers in the state have turned down the brewery offers, they may be justified

in paying the large amount to one. The people of the state will have no difficulty in finding out which one.

In this connection, it is remembered that in one of the campaigns on the liquor question in the city of Lincoln, the local retail liquor dealers put up an assessment of \$300 apiece. While it seemed a small amount, and was known to only be supplemental to the large fund sent in from the outside, the local fund amounted to \$8,000.

It will occur to everyone to reckon up the amount that will be thus raised in each locality, and also to wonder how the slush fund is to be expended.

crop at the North Platte Experimental Substation has been 3.1 tons per acre. It has been seeded with a press drill at the rate of 5 pecks per acre. During favorable seasons and also under drouth conditions, sorghum has given a larger tonnage per acre than any other crop. The feeding value of sorghum, as reported in Bulletins 105 and 117 of the Agricultural Experiment Station, is about the same as that of prairie hay.

AFTER POCKET GOPHERS

In an effort to see if the pocket gopher may be exterminated from a township by cooperative work of all the farmers, the Gage County Farmers' Association has selected Blakely township as a demonstration area. It is the plan to secure a written agreement from each farmer in the township to assist in the work. It is expected that the poison will be mixed in bulk and that it will

be furnished to the farmers at cost. The work will be in charge of the county agricultural agent.

PREVENTION OF SCOURS

From results obtained the past year, it is believed that while scours in calves can be prevented by vaccination, the Department of Animal Pathology at the University farm, Lincoln, would like to hear from dairymen who are having losses from white scours in calves and who have not found a successful preventive treatment.

LEAFLET ON HOTBEDS

A junior leaflet telling how to make a hotbed or cold frame may be had from the Extension Service, University Farm, Lincoln.

For Sale

500 bushels of seed corn and 100 tons of bright alfalfa hay. Frank Uffing, Hubbard, Neb.

First publication 3-3-aw

NOTICE FOR TAX DEED.

To John Mischish and C. C. Orr, in whose names title appears of record in the office of the county clerk of Dakota county, Nebraska, to the hereinafter described: You are hereby notified that on the 10th day of February, 1917, Fred Duenising purchased from the treasurer of Dakota county, Nebraska, at a private tax sale of lands and interests for taxes, after the same had been duly offered at public tax sale and not having been sold for want of bidders, the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot two (2), in block one hundred eighty-six (186), of the 8th and 10th streets, Dakota county, Nebraska, for the taxes for the year 1916, interest and costs; said real estate was assessed for the years 1915, 1916 and 1917, for village, county and state taxes, in the name of John Mischish, and though regularly assessed for the years 1915, 1916 and 1917, was not assessed in the name of any person for said years. After the expiration of three months from the date of the service of this notice, I will apply to the treasurer of said county, for a deed to said lot.

Dated this 25th day of February, A. D. 1916, Fred Duenising, Owner of Certificate of Tax Sale.

First publication 3-3-aw

NOTICE FOR TAX DEED.

To Barnabas Bates, Augustus Kountze, C. C. Orr and F. A. Wood, in whose names title appears of record in the office of the county clerk of Dakota county, Nebraska, and to F. A. Wood, the person in actual possession and occupancy of the lot hereinafter described: You are hereby notified that at a public sale of lands and lots for taxes, held November 3, d. 1913, by the treasurer of Dakota county, Nebraska, the following described real estate situated in the Village of Dakota City, Dakota county, Nebraska, to-wit: Lot ten (10), in block one hundred thirty-nine (139), was sold to Sidney T. Frum, for the taxes, interest and costs, for the year 1913. Said real estate was assessed for the years 1912 and 1913, in the name of F. A. Wood, and was regularly assessed for the years 1914 and 1915, but not assessed in the name of any person for said years. After the expiration of three months from the date of the service of this notice, I will apply to the Treasurer of said county, for a deed to said lot.

Dated this 25th day of February, A. D. 1916, Sidney T. Frum, Owner of Certificate of Tax Sale.

First publication 3-3-aw

NOTICE FOR TAX DEED.

To Malcolm McDonald and C. C. Orr, in whose names title appears of record in the office of the county clerk of Dakota county, Nebraska, and to William H. Johnson, the person in actual possession and occupancy of the lot hereinafter described: You are hereby notified that at a public sale of lands and lots for taxes, held November 3, d. 1913, by the treasurer of Dakota county, Nebraska, the following described real estate, situated in the Village of Dakota City, Dakota county, Nebraska, to-wit: Lot ten (10), in block forty-two (42), was sold to Sidney T. Frum for the taxes, interest and costs for the year 1913. Said real estate was assessed for the years 1912, 1913 and 1915, in the name of Malcolm McDonald, and for the year 1914, though regularly assessed, was not assessed in the name of any person. After the expiration of three months from the date of the service of this notice, I will apply to the treasurer of said county, for a deed to said lot.

Dated this 25th day of February, 1916, Sidney T. Frum, Owner of Certificate of Tax Sale.

First publication 3-3-aw

Probate Notice to Creditors

In the county court of Dakota county, Nebraska. In the matter of the Estate of Michael Green, also known as Michael Greene, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that the creditors of the said deceased will meet the administrator of said estate, before me, county judge of Dakota county, Nebraska, at the county court room in said county, on the 27th day of May, 1916, and on the 28th day of August, 1916, at 10 o'clock a. m. each day for the purpose of presenting their claims for examination, adjustment and allowance. Six months are allowed for creditors to present their claims and one year for the administrator to settle said estate, from the 28th day of February, 1916.

This notice will be published in the Dakota County Herald for four weeks successively prior to the 28th day of August, 1916. Witness my hand and seal of said court, this 28th day of February, A. D. 1916.

S. W. McKinstry, County Judge.

Report of the Condition of

The Bank of Dakota County of Jackson, Charter No. 551, in the State of Nebraska, at the close of business February 24, 1916.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$ 186,395 30
Overdrafts	454 38
Banking house furniture and fixtures	4,907 28
Current expenses, taxes and interest paid	611 44
Due from other banks	36,633 88
Currency	4,008 00
Gold coin	1,029 00
Silver, nickels and cents	1,144 97
Total	\$ 195,932 76

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 30,000 00
Surplus fund	4,000 00
Undivided profits	3,511 78
Individual deposits subject to check	74,869 72
Deposits not subject to check	402 06
Time certificates of deposit	69,035 61
Due to national and state banks	11,084 60
Depositors' guaranty fund	2,122 45
Total	\$ 195,932 76

STATE OF NEBRASKA, ss. I, Leo G. Kearney, cashier of the above named bank, do hereby swear that the above statement is a correct and true copy of the report made to the state banking board. Attest: M. O. Ayres, Director. HARRY H. ADAIR, Director. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of March, 1916.

Loretto E. Kearney, Notary Public.

My commission expires Jan. 4, 1919.

Report of the Condition of

The Hubbard State Bank of Hubbard, Charter No. 745, in the State of Nebraska, at the close of business February 24, 1916.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$ 96,704 49
Overdrafts	444 48
Banking house furniture and fixtures	2,400 00
Current expenses, taxes and interest paid	1,347 17
Due from national and state banks	\$ 33,254 07
Currency	1,135 00
Gold coin	1,029 00
Silver, nickels and cents	841 55
Total	\$ 137,805 76

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 10,000 00
Surplus fund	4,000 00
Undivided profits	3,702 79
Individual deposits subject to check	\$ 42,770 71
Deposits not subject to check	3,632 24
Time certificates of deposit	66,706 35
Due to national and state banks	7,350 00
Depositors' guaranty fund	1,318 64
Total	\$ 137,805 76

STATE OF NEBRASKA, ss. I, Michael Waters, cashier of the above named bank, do hereby swear that the above statement is a correct and true copy of the report made to the state banking board. Attest: J. R. Waters, Director. D. F. Waters, Director. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of March, 1916.

Geo. Timlin, Notary Public.

My commission expires Sept. 15, 1918.

FORD TRACTOR

\$350 AT FACTORY IN MINNESOTA. 8x16 Horse Power. Send orders for your spring delivery FRED A. BENNETT, Distributor Iowa Rd. SIOUX CITY, IA.

Sturges Bros. Have Moved

to 315 Pearl Street

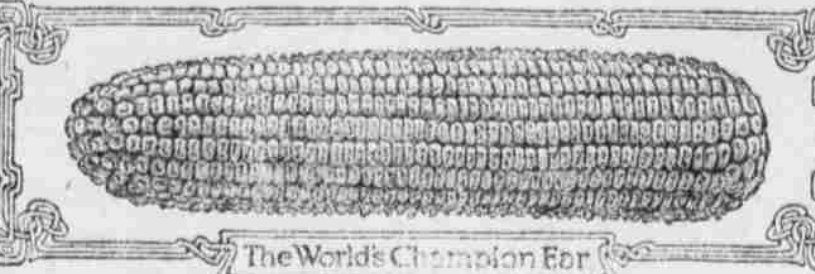
where we will be glad to see all our old patrons, and we hope, many new ones. This move is necessary, as the building we now have is too small for our growing business.

Sturges Bros.

Old Location, 411 Pearl St.

Sioux City, Iowa

Don't Chance New Seed Corn



500 bu. Reid's Yellow Dent 1914 Seed Corn

Testing 96 to 100

Priced—Shelled and Graded, \$2.00 per bu. On Ear, \$2.50 per bu.

Geo. Hayes, Hubbard, Nebr.

March Bulletin of Rate Attractions

Low One-Way Fares to Pacific Coast:

The Spring season of low one-way fares to California, Washington, Oregon, Utah, Idaho, Montana, will last only from March 25th to April 14th, inclusive.

\$32.50 one-way to the Coast, and \$27.50 to Utah, Salt Lake, Idaho, Central Montana, Butte District, etc. Apply early for through tourist sleeper accommodations in the Burlington's through service routes via scenic Colorado, Salt Lake, to California or over the direct northwest main line through Billings to Seattle.

Rocky Mountain National Parks:

The coming season will bring the greatest volume of Eastern tourists into Rocky Mountain National Estes Park, Yellowstone Park, Glacier National Park, yet recorded. Special tours will be arranged by cooperation between the railroads and the Government. Automobile tours and routes will be greatly extended, and the Rocky Mountain National Parks Tour is going to be made more attractive than ever. Such a vacation tour will pay you a tremendous health dividend, besides being the scenic adventure of a life time. It is none too early to be thinking over such a possible trip and asking me how it can best be made.



H. E. Gordon, Agent, Dakota City, Nebr

L. W. WARELEY, G. P. A., Omaha, Neb.

E. F. RASMUSSEN

General and Reliable

AUCTIONEER

Ponca, Neb.

Box 424

Phone No. 3

It will pay you to see me before going elsewhere

Terms Reasonable-Satisfaction Guaranteed



Abstracts of Title

A \$10,000 Surety Bond Guarantees the accuracy of every Abstract I make.

J. J. EIMERS, Bonded Abstractor.

Successor to the DAKOTA COUNTY ABSTRACT CO.

Westcott's Undertaking

Parlors

Auto Ambulance

Old Phone, 426

New Phone 2067

Sioux City, Iowa

Burpee's Seeds Grow

and are known the world over as the "Best Seeds that Grow." The name Burpee on your seed packet is an assurance of "Seeds of Quality." The Fourth Anniversary Edition of Burpee's Annual is brighter and better than ever. It is mailed free. Write today, "Let me be remembered." A postcard will bring it. W. A. BURPEE & CO., Burpee Buildings, Philadelphia.

SEED CORN

Iowa, the northern part of Illinois, Nebraska, the Dakotas, Minnesota and Wisconsin, produced practically no 1915 seed corn worth planting. The United States Department of Agriculture, the various State Experiment Stations and Colleges, and practically all farm papers have sent out warnings and anyone understanding the situation, will buy his seed corn now. The best and most fully matured field of corn which came under our notice last fall in this section of the country which germinated 99 per cent when harvested, has since that time, lost a large percentage of vitality, and is unfit for planting.

GOOD SEED CORN IS SCARCE

We have a limited quantity of shelled and graded seed corn to offer at reasonable prices. Order direct from this ad., or write for further information. We have seed suitable to your section, which we guarantee to have a high germination. If this seed is not as represented, return to us within 30 days, and we will refund money and pay freight charges both ways.

	1 Bu.	5 Bu.	10 Bu.	25 Bu.	50 Bu.	100 Bu.
Reid's Yellow Dent	\$1.00	\$4.75	\$9.25	\$23.25	\$46.50	\$93.00
Minnesota No. 13	1.25	2.00	3.75	9.25	18.50	37.00
Iowa Gold Mine	1.00	1.75	3.25	8.25	16.50	33.00
Iowa Mammoth Yellow Dent	.75	1.50	2.75	6.75	13.50	27.00
Pride of the North	1.00	1.90	3.50	8.40	16.80	33.60
Silver King	1.00	1.90	3.50	8.40	16.80	33.60
Boone County White	1.00	1.75	3.25	8.25	16.50	33.00
Iowa Silver Mine	1.00	1.75	3.25	8.25	16.50	33.00
Iowa Mammoth White Dent	1.00	1.75	3.25	8.25	16.50	33.00
Dakota Bloody Butcher	1.00	1.75	3.25	8.25	16.50	33.00

Galloway Bros. & Co., BOX Waterloo, Ia.